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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/993,874	11/14/2001	Vadim R. Viviani	2799.1001-002	1297
75	590 12/13/2002			
Alice O. Carroll, Esq. HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C. 530 Virginia Road P.O. Box 9133 Concord, MA 01742-9133			EXAMINER	
			SLOBODYANSKY, ELIZABETH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1652	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	-					
Office Action Summary	09/993,874	VIVIANI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Elizabeth Slobodyansky	1652				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 N	lovember 2001 .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quaylo, 1000 O.D. 11, 4	.00 0.0. 210.				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☒ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal I	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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**DETAILED ACTION** 

This application is a continuation of application 09/516,958 now abandoned.

Claims 1-5 are pending.

**Priority** 

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an

application filed in Italy on September 2, 1998. It is noted, however, that applicant has

not filed a certified copy of the Italian application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b).

Information Disclosure Statement

The instant application contains no IDS.

Specification

Applicants' request to delete Figures 1 and 2 filed November 14, 2001 is noted.

To cancel the drawings Applicants must submit the amendment. Further, the

specification should be amended to delete references thereto and Figure 3 should be

amended to indicate "Figure 1".

Applicants' request to make changes in the Sequence listing is noted. The US PTO does not make changes in the sequences. Applicants are responsible for the submission of a paper and computer readable copies of the Sequence Listing along with a statement that the content of the paper and computer readable copies are the same and, where applicable, include no new matter, as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e) or 1.821(f) or 1.821(g) or 1.825(b) or 1.825(d).

Applicants should provide an explanation as to what changes have been made and why.

The examiner notes that GenBank accession AF139644 differs from SEQ ID NO:1 at nucleotide 1090. Clarification is required.

Further, the specification is objected to because on page 34, line 11, it states that AF139644 is 1764 bp long while it is 1765 bp.

Appropriate correction is required.

The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code (page 13, line 10, for example). Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim 1, with dependent claims 2 and 4, is drawn to a nucleic acid molecule that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 or encodes an amino acid sequence that is 93% identical to SEQ ID NO:2. The specification does not contain any disclosure of the function of all DNA sequences that are 90% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 or encode an amino acid sequence that is 93% identical to SEQ ID NO:2. The genus of cDNAs that comprise these above cDNA molecules is a large variable genus with the potentiality of encoding many different proteins having the luciferase activity and having undisclosed activities. Therefore, many functionally unrelated DNAs are encompassed within the scope of these claims, including partial DNA sequences. The specification discloses only a single species of the claimed genus which is insufficient to put one of skill in the art in possession of the attributes and features of all species within the claimed genus.

One skilled in the art cannot reasonably conclude that the applicant had possession of the claimed invention at the time the instant application was filed.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a DNA encoding SEQ ID NO:2 and a DNA that encodes a luciferase having an amino acid sequence that is 93% identical to SEQ ID NO:2, does not reasonably provide enablement for a DNA that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 or encodes an amino acid sequence that is 93% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 wherein the protein function is unknown as well as a DNA encoding a luciferase that hybridizes under undefined high stringency conditions to a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Factors to be considered in determining whether undue experimentation is required, are summarized in In re Wands 858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir. 1988). They include (1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount of direction or guidance presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) considered in determining whether undue experimentation is required, are

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summarized the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claims.

Claim 1, with dependent claims 2 and 4, is so broad as to encompass a DNA encoding a luciferase and a protein of unknown function. The scope of the claim is not commensurate with the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the extremely large number of DNAs broadly encompassed by the claim.

In general, the state of the art does not allow the predictability of function based on the structure. Therefore, the function of many proteins encoded by a DNA that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 or encodes an amino acid sequence that is 93% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 is unpredictable. The specification does not teach the function of these proteins. One skilled in the art would not know how to use a DNA encoding a protein of unknown function. However, in this case the disclosure is limited to the nucleotide and amino acid sequence of a single luciferase of SEQ ID NO:2.

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would require guidance, in order to use a DNA that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 or encodes an amino acid sequence that is 93% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 and encodes a protein other than luciferase in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims. Without such guidance, the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is undue.

Claim 3 is so broad as to encompass DNAs having unknown homology to SEQ ID NO: 1 and encoding a luciferase. The scope of the claims is not commensurate with

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the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the extremely large number of mutant luciferase enzymes and genes broadly encompassed by the claims. Since the amino acid sequence of a protein determines its structural and functional properties, predictability of which changes can be tolerated in a protein's amino acid sequence and obtain the desired activity requires a knowledge of and guidance with regard to which amino acids in the protein's sequence, if any, are tolerant of modification and which are conserved (i.e. expectedly intolerant to modification), and detailed knowledge of the ways in which the proteins' structure relates to its function. However, in this case the disclosure is limited to the nucleotide and amino acid sequence of single *Prixothrix vivianii* luciferase (SEQ ID NO:1 and SEQ ID NO: 2, respectively).

While recombinant and mutagenesis techniques are known, it is <u>not</u> routine in the art to screen for multiple substitutions or multiple modifications, as encompassed by the instant claims, and the positions within a protein's sequence where amino acid modifications can be made with a reasonable expectation of success in obtaining the desired activity/utility are limited in any protein and the result of such modifications is unpredictable. In addition, one skilled in the art would expect any tolerance to modification for a given protein to diminish with each further and additional modification, e.g. multiple substitutions.

The specification does not support the broad scope of the claims which encompass any luciferase with an undisclosed homology to the luciferase of *Prixothrix* 

vivianii because the specification does <u>not</u> establish: (A) regions of the protein structure which may be modified without effecting luciferase activity; (B) the general tolerance of luciferases to modification and extent of such tolerance; (C) a rational and predictable scheme for modifying any luciferase residues with an expectation of obtaining the desired biological function; and (D) the specification provides insufficient guidance as to which of the essentially infinite possible choices is likely to be successful.

Thus, applicants have <u>not</u> provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make the claimed invention in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims broadly including any luciferase with undefined homology to a DNA encoding the luciferase of *Prixothrix vivianii*. The scope of the claims must bear a reasonable correlation with the scope of enablement (<u>In re Fisher</u>, 166 USPQ 19 24 (CCPA 1970)). Without sufficient guidance, determination of luciferases and genes therefor having the desired biological characteristics is unpredictable and the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is unnecessarily, and improperly, extensive and undue.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

It is apparent that the microorganism(s) is/are required to practice the claimed invention. As a required element it/they must be known and readily available to the public or obtainable by a repeatable method set forth in the specification. If it/they is/are not so obtainable or available, the enablement requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, may be satisfied by a deposit of the microorganism(s). See 37 C.F.R. § 1.802.

The specification does not provide a repeatable process for obtaining the microorganism(s) and it is not apparent if the microorganism(s) is/are readily available to the public. The specification must contain the date that the microorganism(s) was/were deposited, the name of the microorganism(s) and the address of where the microorganism(s) was/were deposited.

If the deposit(s) <u>has/have</u> been made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by Applicants or someone associated with the patent owner who is in a position to make such assurances, or a statement by an attorney of record over his/her signature, and registration number, stating that the specific strain(s) has/have been deposited under the Budapest Treaty <u>and</u> that <u>all</u> restrictions imposed by the depositor on the availability to the public of the deposited material will be irrevocably removed upon the granting of a patent, would satisfy the deposit requirements. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.808.

If the deposit(s) has/have <u>not</u> been made under the Budapest Treaty, then in order to certify that the deposit(s) meets the criteria set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.801-1.809, Applicant(s) may provide assurance of compliance by an affidavit or declaration, or by a statement by an Attorney of record over his/her signature and registration number, showing that:

- (a) during the pendency of this application, access to the invention will be afforded to the Commissioner upon request;
- (b) <u>all</u> restrictions upon availability to the public will be irrevocably removed upon granting of the patent;
- (c) the deposit(s) will be maintained in a public depository for a period of 30 years or 5 years after the last request or for the effective life of the patent, whichever is longer;
- (d) a viability statement in accordance with the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.807; and
- (e) the deposit will be replaced should it become necessary due to inviability, contamination or loss of capability to function in the manner described in the specification.

In addition, the identifying information set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.809 (d) should be added to the specification. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.803-1.809 for additional explanation of these requirements.

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1, with dependent claims 2 and 4, is confusing as reciting SEQ ID NO:3 where it appears SEQ ID NO:2 was intended. For the purpose of examination, the examiner considered claim 1 as reciting SEQ ID NO:2 not SEQ ID NO:3.

Claim 3 is unclear because "high stringency conditions" can mean different conditions in different experiments rendering the scope of the claim unascertainable. Applicants define high stringency conditions on page 11, lines 22-24. However, these conditions are given as non-limiting example. Amending the claim to include specific conditions would obviate this rejection.

Claim 4 recites the limitation "the recombinant host cell of claim 1". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim because claim 1 is drawn to an isolated nucleic acid.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Viviani et al.

Viviani et al. teach a cDNA encoding *Phrixothrix vivianii* luciferase, a pBl vector containing it and a host cell transformed with the same. They expressed the luciferase. Said DNA is 99.9% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 of the instant invention and encodes the amino acid sequence that s 100% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 of the instant invention. Therefore, Viviani et al. anticipate claims 1-5.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth Slobodyansky whose telephone number is (703) 306-3222. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 9:30 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Ponnathapura Achutamurthy, can be reached at (703) 308-3804. The FAX phone number for Technology Center 1600 is (703) 308-4242.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Center receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

8. Slobooly ares Alf Elizabeth Slobodyansky, PhD

**Primary Examiner** 

December 12, 2002